MATH 105 101 Midterm 2 Sample 1

- 1. (20 marks)
 - (a) (5 marks) Find the derivative of the function:

$$F(x) = \int_{1}^{\ln(x)} \sqrt{4 + 2t + \sin(t)} \, dt,$$

at the point x = 1. Simplify the answer.

(b) (5 marks) Use Simpson's Rule to approximate

$$\int_0^\pi \sin(x)\,dx$$

with n = 4 subintervals. Simplify the answer.

(c) (5 marks) Find the definite integral

$$\int_{-2}^{1} \frac{5}{x^3} \, dx.$$

(d) (5 marks) Find the indefinite integral

$$\int x^2 \ln(x) \, dx.$$

- 2. (10 marks)
 - (a) (8 marks) Compute the Left Riemann sum for f(x) = x + 2 on the interval [-2, 4] using *n* equal subintervals. Use the summation identities to simplify the answer.
 - (b) (2 marks) Use the answer in part (a) to evaluate $\int_{-2}^{4} (x+2) dx$. An answer <u>without</u> making use of part (a) will be given zero marks.
- 3. (10 marks) Solve the initial value problem:

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{e^y(3t+11)}{t^2 - t - 6}, \qquad y(2) = 0.$$

You may leave the answer in its implicit form.

4. (10 marks) Evaluate the definite integral:

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{25x^2 - 4}}{x} \, dx.$$